



*Optimized Resource Integration And Global Architecture For Mobile Infrastructure For 6G*

## **STREAM B STREAM D WORKSHOP**

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# Enabling Technologies and KPIs

# Enabling Technologies

- ORIGAMI aims to bring down 8 barriers that are currently making difficult the transitions towards 6G through a set of compelling use cases, leveraging on enabling technologies.
- Network Intelligence (NI): application of AI/ML solutions deep into the network architecture, including the edge and the far edge (i.e., radio)
- Architectural Elements: new items in the 6G Network Architecture that enable the utilization of the NI solutions in the network operation

# Technologies

- Infrastructure awareness and hardware accelerator pooling
  - KPIs: Network Energy Efficiency, CAPEX and OPEX reduction, Service Reliability
- Interoperability of RAN Intelligent Controller
  - KPIs: Network Energy Efficiency, CAPEX and OPEX reduction, Service Reliability
- Scalable solutions for 6G complex network problem
  - KPIs: Network Energy efficiency, **Accuracy and Maximum Latency of ML**
- Distributed, and streamlined access to transport domain computing
  - **Accuracy, Maximum Latency of ML, Peak Data Rate**
- Global Operator Model
  - CAPEX and OPEX reduction, Control Plane Latency
- Decentralized Identity Model
  - Control Plane Latency
- Intelligent Anomaly Detection
  - **Anomaly Detection recall and sensitivity**, CAPEX and OPEX reduction
- Cloud Native Core
  - **Control Plane efficiency (reduced signaling)**

# KPI Targets

KPI	Description	Network domain	Target	Score
K1	Energy efficiency (bits-per-joule)	RAN	100% higher than today's vRANs	1
K2	Cost efficiency (bps-per-\$)	RAN	10x higher than today's vRANs	1
K3	Reliability (%)	RAN	99.999% probability of meeting deadlines	1
K4	In-band ML model inference latency (ms/ms)	RAN, Transport	Sub-ms (RAN), or sub-ms (transport)	1
K5	In-band ML model inference accuracy (%)	RAN and Transport	≥95%	1
K6	In-band ML model inference throughput (Gbps)	Transport	100 Gbps	1
K7	Network CAPEX (\$)	Core	50% reduction	1
K8	Network energy consumption (KWh)	Core	35% less energy consumption	1
K9	Control plane latency (ms)	Core	50% lower latency than current procedures	1
K10	Anomaly detection recall and sensitivity	Core	> 0.85	1
K11	OPEX gains (\$)	Core	30% reduction	1
K12	Control-plane efficiency (%)	Core	25% lower signaling overhead compared to network core without SCP	1

# KVIs

# Addressing KVIs, KVs and Sustainability in ORIGAMI

## Methodology (to be evolved)

1. Identification KVIs relevant to ORIGAMI\*
  1. Environmental sustainability
  2. Economical sustainability and innovation
  3. Digital inclusion
  4. ....
2. Association of KVs either “use-case specific” or “architectural”
3. Definition and conceptualization of KVIs and mapping with KVs (At least one KVI per KV. Ideally, more than one KVI per KV):
  1. Definition of the KVI
  2. Metric: The measure used to assess performance or progress.
  3. Target value: the specific goal or objective
    1. Percentage of improvement
    2. The period/timeframe in which the target value should be achieved...
    3. Increase/decrease
4. Identify specific performance measurements (KPIs) that can contribute to achieve the target value

KV	Use-case or architectural	KVI (definition)	KVI (metric & target value)	Target Value	KPIs contributing
Trustworthiness	Architectural	Architecture resilience	Ratio of computing resources successfully services provisioned vs experienced failures	99'999 %	KPI 1 KPI 2 KPI 3



# ORIGAMI

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[www.smart-networks.europa.eu](http://www.smart-networks.europa.eu)



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