FGSNS

AI/ML as a Key Enabler of 6G Networks AI/ML Input/Output Data & Conclusions

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AI/ML Training Data (Section 6.2)



- Mapping process conducted to classify input data sources.
- Categories defined based on data origin and nature.
- Key categories: RAN, network metrics, computing resources, core, and UE metrics.
- Additional categories: Applicationlevel data, security, cross-domain inputs, and optical metrics.
- Full definitions available in the white paper (Table 2)

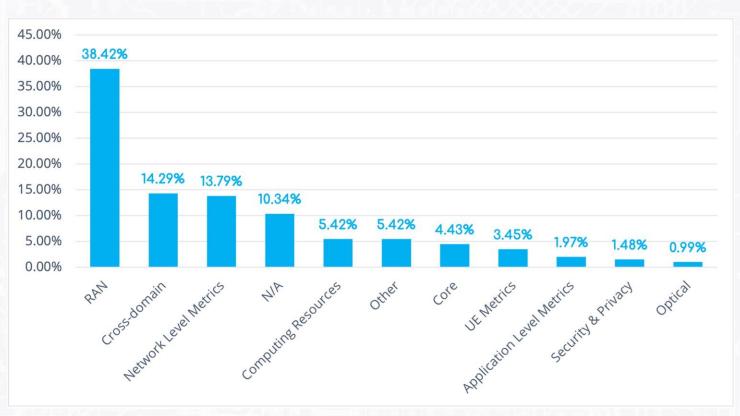
Data Category	Definition
Radio Access Network (RAN)	Data related to radio measurements
Network Level Metrics	Aggregated traffic data, packet-level statistics
Computing Resources	Metrics associated with CPU and RAM utilization
Core	Information originating from central network elements
UE Metrics	Data that directly represent user-level conditions
Application-Level Metrics	Data collected at the application level
Security & Privacy	Datasets and indicators related to attack detection
Cross-domain	Inputs may cover more than one domain
Optical	Optical-layer metrics
Other	Any input that does not readily fit into the previous categories
N/A	No information was provided

AI/ML White Paper, Section 6.2, Summarized Version of Table 2

AI/ML Training Data Distribution



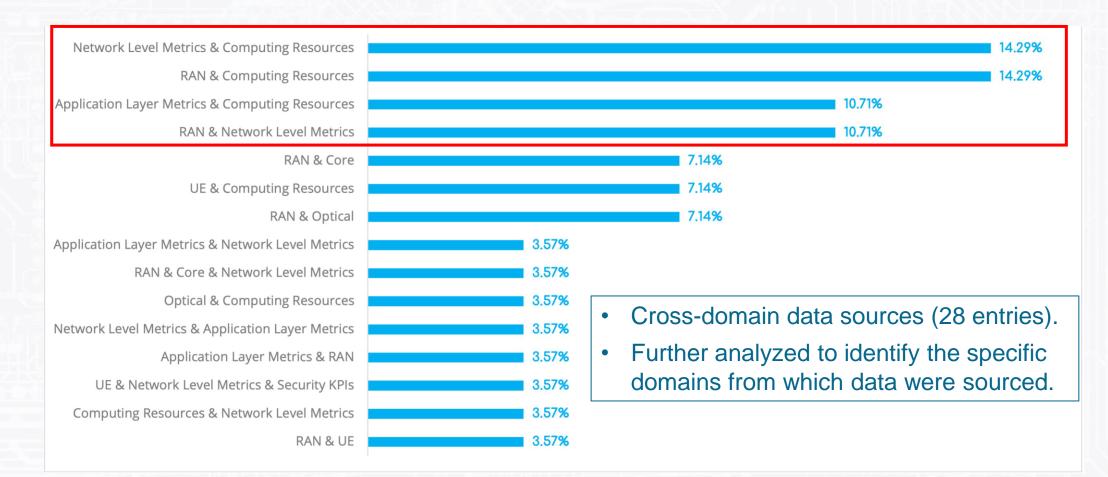
- **The Figure** shows the distribution of training data sources.
- RAN-related inputs lead with 38.42% of responses.
- **Cross-domain inputs** follow at 14.29%, reflecting multi-domain integration.
- Network-level metrics account for 13.79%, with computing resources also present (5.42%).
- Optical and security inputs appear less frequently, tied to specialized use cases.



AI/ML White Paper, Section 6.2, Figure 22

AI/ML Training Data Distribution: Cross-domain Category





AI/ML White Paper, Section 6.2, Figure 23

Output Data by AI/ML Mechanisms (Section 6.3)



- Investigated Al output data alongside input data analysis.
- Mapping process
 conducted to categorize
 outputs.
- Full definitions available at Table 3 of the AI/ML White Paper.

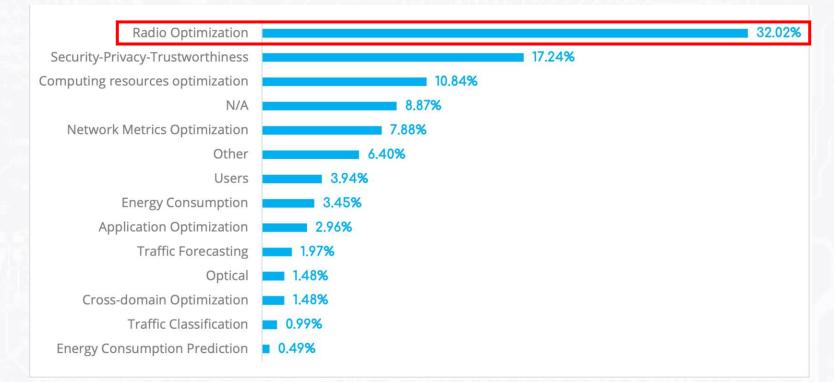
Data Category	Definition
Radio Optimization	Improving the operations of radio networks.
Computing Resources	Improve CPU or RAM usage, or VM operations, or
Optimization	more efficient VNF placement.
Network-Level Optimization	Predict throughput and latency, or enhance link utilization.
Energy Efficiency Optimization	Reduce energy consumption.
Traffic Forecasting	Predict future traffic demands.
Traffic Classification	Classify traffic types.
Application-Level Optimization	Improve what applications deliver to the end user.
User-Level Metrics	Improve user-centric data.
Security-Privacy-Trustworthiness	Detect and/or respond to attacks.
Optical Optimization	Improve optical signals and related parameters.
Cross-domain Optimization	Act on multiple domains, e.g., joint RAN-Core configuration.
Other	Outputs that do not fall under the previous categories.
N/A	No information was provided.

AI/ML White Paper, Section 6.3, Summarized Version of Table 3

Output Data by AI/ML Mechanisms Distribution



- Radio Optimization leads the AI/ML outputs (32.02%).
- Other key areas: Security-Privacy-Trustworthiness (17.24%) and Computing Resources Optimization (10.84%).
- **Diverse Al/ML outputs** span multiple domains, with niche areas including Energy Consumption Prediction and Traffic Classification.





- First step towards systematically tracking AI-enabled mechanisms within SNS JU.
- Foundation for **benchmarking**: Support future validation efforts to refine AI research outputs in Europe.
- Draw the roadmap for future AI research within the SNS JU:
 - Promote data-sharing agreements across public and private entities to improve access to realworld datasets.
 - Invest in advanced AI techniques, promote privacy, robustness, and reliability of AI systems.
 - Contribute to standardization for 6G.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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